

A12 Chelmsford to A120 widening scheme

TR010060

5.2 Consultation Report Annex A2: Option Consultation Materials

APFP Regulation 5(2)(q)

Planning Act 2008

Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009

Volume 5

August 2022



Infrastructure Planning

Planning Act 2008

A12 Chelmsford to A120 widening scheme

Development Consent Order 202[]

5.2 CONSULTATION REPORT

ANNEX A2: OPTION CONSULTATION MATERIALS

Regulation Reference	Regulation 5(2)(q)
Planning Inspectorate Scheme Reference	TR010060
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Author	A12 Project Team, National Highways

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Development consent for our major road schemes





What is development consent?

Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects (NSIPs) are major infrastructure projects such as new harbours, roads, power generating stations (including offshore wind farms) and electricity transmission lines. These need development consent before construction can start.

Under the Planning Act 2008, development consent is granted through a Development Consent Order (DCO). This gives permission to construct and maintain projects categorised as NSIPs.

Some of our major road projects are NSIPs, which means we need to apply for and get a DCO before we can start construction.

We submit a DCO application to the Planning Inspectorate, the government agency responsible for operating the planning process for NSIPs. Before we do this, we hold consultations as part of our wider engagement activity. This is in advance of the request for representations and the examination of the application that the Planning Inspectorate organises once it accepts an application.



How do I have my say on road projects that affect me or my community?

We engage and consult with relevant local authorities, anyone with an interest in the affected land, statutory consultees such as the Environment Agency, local communities and our customers on the proposals for all our major road projects.

Where we consult the local community under the Planning Act, we work with the relevant local authorities to prepare a statement. This sets out how we will consult people living near the project. To ensure people are aware of consultations that affect them and how they can take part, we place notices in local and national press to advertise the consultation.

We sometimes carry out consultation in stages. This is so that feedback can influence the type, geographical route and design of the project that we take forward. Sometimes that may mean that having consulted, we announce a preferred route for a project. We will then carry out further consultation to inform the proposals before we finalise our DCO application.

During our consultations, stakeholders and customers can respond to our pre-application consultation. This gives you an opportunity to influence and improve the project, as well as tell us whether you agree or disagree with it.

The best time to influence and improve a project is before the DCO application. There is limited time and scope for change after an application is made. This is because of the maximum time legally allowed for an examination.

To ensure transparency, we publish a consultation report to set out how we have considered responses following each round of consultation. We must include a consultation report in our application to the Planning Inspectorate for the DCO.

How does it work?

When the Planning Inspectorate receives and accepts an application, they will appoint an independent Examining Authority to carry out the examination. Before the examination starts, we contact statutory consultees, relevant local authorities and anyone with an interest in the affected land. This is to notify them of their opportunity to register to take part in the examination of the project and to make representations on the DCO

application. We also publicise this opportunity in local and national press.

The Examining Authority considers contributions, including any Local Impact Reports received from local authorities, representations from interested parties, written answers provided to written questions, and evidence provided at hearings. The Examining Authority manages the examination of applications and decides which main issues it will examine.

At the end of an examination, the Examining Authority submits a report to the relevant Secretary of State. This includes a recommendation on whether to grant development consent. The Secretary of State decides to grant or refuse development consent. The proposals in a granted DCO may differ from those in the DCO application. This may be due to input from registered persons during the examination.

The Planning Inspectorate has a public register of applications received on their webpage. There is a specific page for each DCO application where the public can access and read applications and accompanying documents, including reports of pre-application consultations.

If you need help accessing this or any other Highways England information, please call **0300 123 5000** and we will help you.

For more information about the planning process for Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects, please visit:

https://infrastructure.planninginspectorate.gov.uk/legislation-and-advice/advice-notes

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For an accessible version of this publication please call 0300 123 5000 and we will help you.

If you have any enquiries about this publication email info@highwaysengland.co.uk or call 0300 123 5000*. Please quote the Highways England publications code PR213/18.

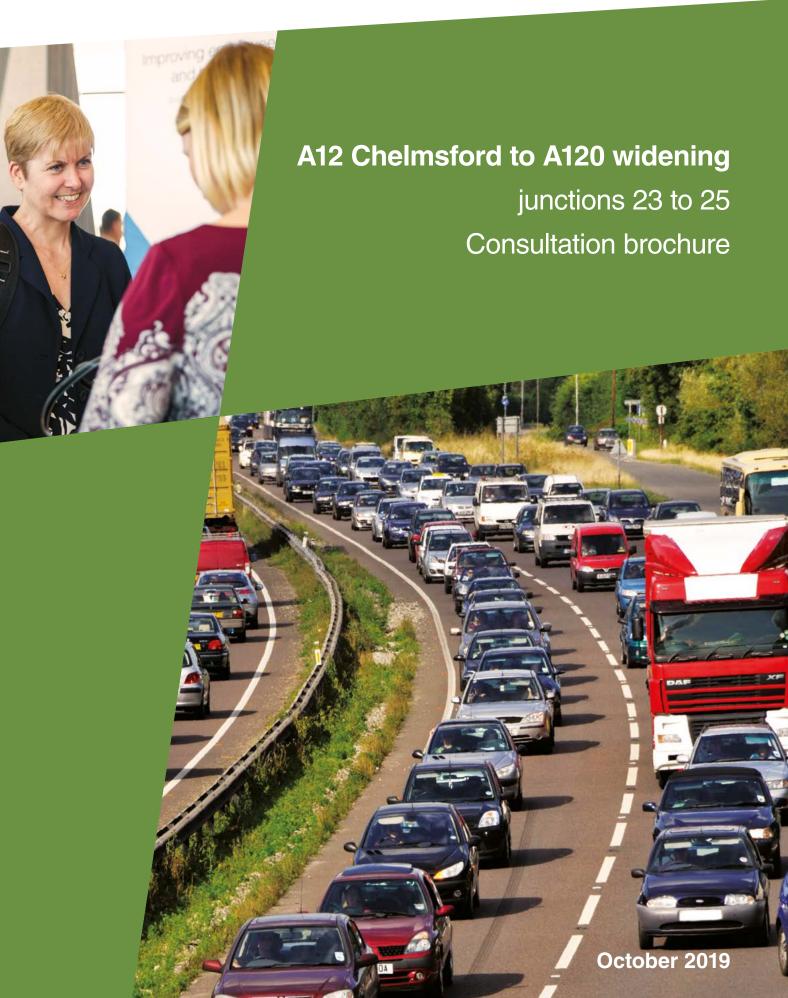
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Investing in your roads

At Highways England we believe in a connected country.

Our road network allows these connections to happen. We strive to improve our major roads and motorways - engineering the future to keep people moving today and moving better tomorrow. We want to make sure all our major roads are more dependable, durable and, most importantly, safe. That is why we are making a multi-billion pound investment in our network – the largest for a generation. The A12 Chelmsford to A120 widening is a critical part of this investment and will improve journeys between junction 19 (Boreham interchange) and junction 25 (Marks Tey interchange), boosting the local and regional economy. We are proposing to widen the A12 to three lanes in each direction between these junctions.

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Why do we need to improve the A12?

The A12 is an important economic link in Essex and across the east of England. It provides the main southwest/north-east route through Essex and Suffolk, connecting Ipswich to London and to the M25.

The section between Chelmsford and Colchester (junction 19 Boreham interchange to junction 25 Marks Tey interchange) carries high volumes of traffic, with up to 90,000 vehicles every day. The resulting congestion leads to delays and means that, during the morning commute, a driver's average speed is particularly slow in both directions for an A-road.

Heavy goods vehicles are between 9% and 12% of the traffic on this section due to its important freight connection, especially to Felixstowe and Harwich ports. It is also an important commuter route between Chelmsford and Colchester.



We want to:

- improve safety
- reduce traffic congestion by increasing the capacity of the road and make journey times more reliable
- take long distance traffic off the local roads and put it back onto the A12 where it belongs, so that local roads aren't used as 'rat runs' which affect local villages and their communities
- ensure that the road can cope with the predicted increase in traffic from more jobs and homes in the area
- make improvements for pedestrians, cyclists, horse riders and bus users, to give them better connections and safer, more enjoyable journeys

Overall, our proposed A12 widening will increase the average speeds on the road. This means that someone travelling along the A12 daily at peak times can expect to save over an hour of travel time each week.

Background

What's happened so far

In 2017, we held a consultation to widen the A12 from Chelmsford to the junction with the A120. We presented four options for the stretch of road running from junctions 19 to 25. Since then, the local authorities of Colchester, Braintree and Tendring have been pursuing a joint Local Plan* which has proposed several garden communities**. The joint Local Plan is currently subject to a public examination.

It's important to ensure that our ambitions for the A12 meet the future needs of the area. However, it's for the Planning Inspector to decide whether the Local Plan is sound. The Planning Inspector has asked for more evidence from the councils to back up their joint Local Plan.

For our part, a key piece of evidence is to show how the A12 between junctions 24 and 25 could be moved to consider the Colchester Braintree Borders Garden Community if it were to go ahead.

If the garden community does go ahead, it is likely to impact on the routes that we presented in our 2017 consultation, specifically on the section between junction 24 (Kelvedon North) and junction 25 (Marks Tey interchange). We have therefore been reconsidering the possible road routes between these junctions. Also, a fourth lane in each direction between junctions 23 (Kelvedon South) and 24 (Kelvedon North) may be required.

A120 improvement
proposals: in addition to the
A12, the Planning Inspector
identified the importance of
the A120 improvements.
The government is
currently considering
whether the proposed
A120 scheme will be
funded in a future period
of investment. The latest
information on the A120
can be found at:
www.a120essex.co.uk

*A Local Plan is drafted by a local planning authority and sets out planning policies to control development and allocate sites to influence what will be built where.

**Garden communities are planned new settlements which are intended to be attractive places to live, work and visit, with a strong emphasis on sustainability. The councils' aim for garden communities is to create new housing, infrastructure, jobs and services. For more information, please visit www.ne-gc.co.uk

Our commitment to supporting new housing growth

In its 2017 White Paper, 'Fixing our Broken Housing Market', the government was clear about the importance of putting in place infrastructure to support housing growth:

"The government expects infrastructure providers to deliver the infrastructure that new housing needs in good time so that development is not delayed."

Our 'Road to Growth Plan' outlines our clear commitment to stimulating and supporting the sustainable development of new homes and employment sites. It is therefore right that where we can support housing growth, we do so.

We are committed to delivering the much-needed improvements to the A12, from Chelmsford to the A120. To help do this, we are now seeking your views on four options which consider the proposed Colchester Braintree Borders Garden Community. **These options focus only on the section of the A12 between junctions 23 and 25.**

If the proposed Colchester Braintree Borders Garden Community goes ahead, one of the options in this consultation is likely to form part of the A12 Chelmsford to A120 widening project.

If the proposed Colchester Braintree Borders Garden
Community does not go ahead, the route between junctions
23 and 25 will be based on our 2017 consultation.



You can find out more information on the Colchester Braintree Borders Garden Community proposals at www.ne-gc.co.uk



How to respond

We would like to hear what you think, so please share your views, ideas or any local knowledge that you may have.

The consultation will run for six weeks from Monday 21 October to Sunday 1 December 2019 and there are lots of ways you can tell us what you think.

Your comments will help us better understand the local area and any potential impacts the A12 widening may have on the community. We will listen to and consider everyone's feedback before we select a preferred option, if we need to accommodate the garden community.

Please respond by 11:59pm on **Sunday 1 December 2019** using one of the following methods:

Online

Complete the response form online at www.highwaysengland.co.uk/a12widening

By post

Complete a consultation response form and return it to:
Freepost A12 WIDENING

In person

Visit one of our consultation events and fill out a form (see page 10 for details).

Alternative formats of the brochure and response form, such as braille, are available on request.



Come and visit an event to find out more

One of the best ways to find out more about our proposals is to come along to one of our public consultation events. Here you can find out more about the A12 widening and speak to members of the project team who will be happy to answer any questions you may have.

Consultation events

Best Western Hotel London Road, Colchester, CO6 1DU	Saturday 2 November midday to 5pm
Rivenhall Hotel Rivenhall End, Witham, CM8 3HB	Tuesday 5 November 3pm to 8pm
Feering Community Centre Coggeshall Road, Feering, Colchester, CO5 9QB	Friday 8 November 3pm to 8pm
Spring Lodge Community Centre Powers Hall End, Witham, CM8 2HE	Monday 11 November 2pm to 7pm
Civic Centre Duke Street, Chelmsford, CM1 1JE	Thursday 14 November 3pm to 8pm
Boreham Village Hall Main Road, Boreham, Chelmsford CM3 3JD	Friday 15 November 3pm to 8pm
Marks Tey Village Hall Old London Road, Marks Tey, Colchester, CO6 1EJ	Saturday 16 November midday to 5pm
St Andrews Church Church Road, Hatfield Peverel, CM3 2LE	Tuesday 19 November 3pm to 8pm

Public information points

We have several public information points where copies of our consultation documents are available.

Braintree District Council

Causeway House, Bocking End, Braintree, CM7 9HB

Chelmsford City Council

Customer Service Centre, Duke Street, Chelmsford, CM1 1JE

Colchester Library and Community Hub

Colchester Library, Trinity Square, Colchester, Essex, CO1 1JB

Essex County Council

County Hall, Market Road, Chelmsford, CM1 1QH

Hatfield Peverel Library

The Street, Hatfield Peverel, Chelmsford, CM3 2DP

Kelvedon Library

Aylett's Foundation School, Maldon Road, Kelvedon, CO5 9BA

Maldon District Council

Council Offices, Princes Road, Maldon, Essex, CM9 5DL

Marks Tey Parish Council

Old London Road, Marks Tey, Colchester CO6 1EJ

St Mary's Parish Church

Easthorpe Road, Easthorpe, Colchester CO5 9HD

Tiptree Library

Rectory Road, Tiptree, CO5 0SX

Witham Library

18 Newland Street, Witham, CM8 2AQ



What happens next?

Continued technical work Ongoing

Public consultation junctions 23 to 25 2019

Public consultation for junctions 19 to 25 (the whole route) 2020

Development Consent Order secured for junctions 19 to 25 2023

Open for traffic junctions 19 to 25 2027 - 2028

Stakeholder engagement Ongoing

Preferred route announcement junctions 19 to 23 2019

Preferred route announcement junctions 23 to 25 2020

Application for Development
Consent Order junctions 19 to 25
2021

Start of works junctions 19 to 25 2023 - 2024

Development Consent Order

The A12 widening is classed as a Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project under the Planning Act 2008. This means that we are required to make an application for a Development Consent Order to obtain permission to construct the road.

Our application for development consent will be made on the full route, from junctions 19 to 25.

The application will be made to the Planning Inspectorate, who will examine the application. The examination process is likely to involve public hearings. Following the examination, the Planning Inspectorate will make a recommendation to the Secretary of State for Transport, who will decide whether the project will go ahead. We intend to submit our application in 2021 and if approved, we expect to start construction in 2023.

For more details on the project, please visit our web page: www.highwaysengland.co.uk/a12widening





About the previous 2017 consultation

In 2017, we consulted on four options to widen the A12 from junctions 19 to 25. We held seven public events to tell people about the consultation and we received 907 responses.

You can read more about the 2017 consultation and its route options at: www.highwaysengland.co.uk/a12widening

Since the 2017 consultation we have continued with our technical work and have been considering your feedback.

We have also been working closely with the local authorities of Colchester, Braintree and Tendring as they progress their joint Local Plan, as well as with Essex County Council.

This work has focused on the proposals for the Colchester Braintree Borders Garden Community (see image 1) and how it relates to our 2017 consultation options.

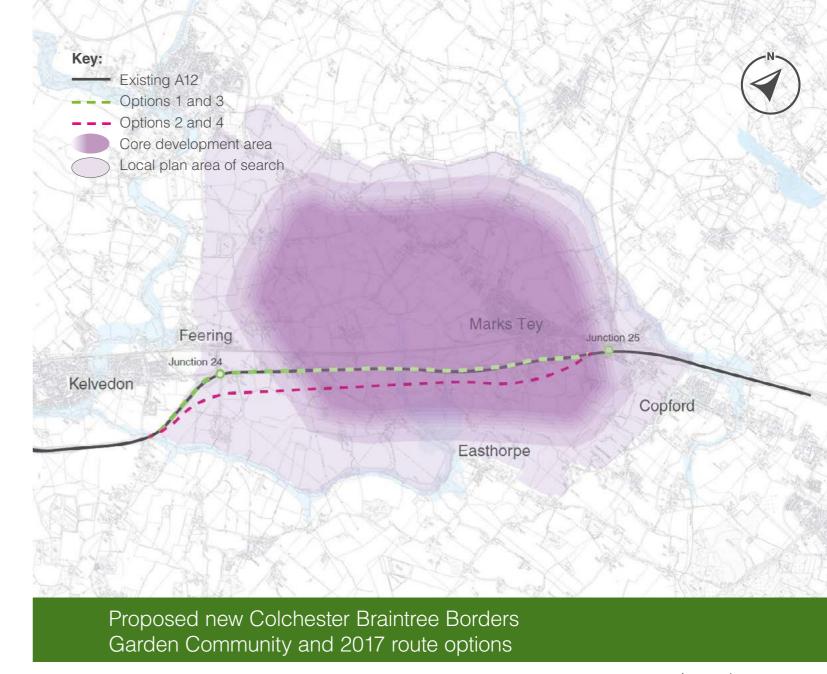


Image 1

The map shows the area where the proposed garden community could be developed, and the route options that we consulted on in 2017.



What we're consulting on now

Junction 23 (Kelvedon South) to junction 25 (Marks Tey interchange)

We are committed to providing a road that delivers the muchneeded improvements to the A12, from Chelmsford to the A120.

It is important that we consider these alternative routes, as they help to ensure that we are in the best position to accommodate the proposed garden community, if it goes ahead.



Have your say

We would like your views on these four new route options. They are listed as Options A to D on page 18 - 21. Your comments will help us refine our thinking whilst we develop our proposals and continue to understand what is important to residents and local communities.

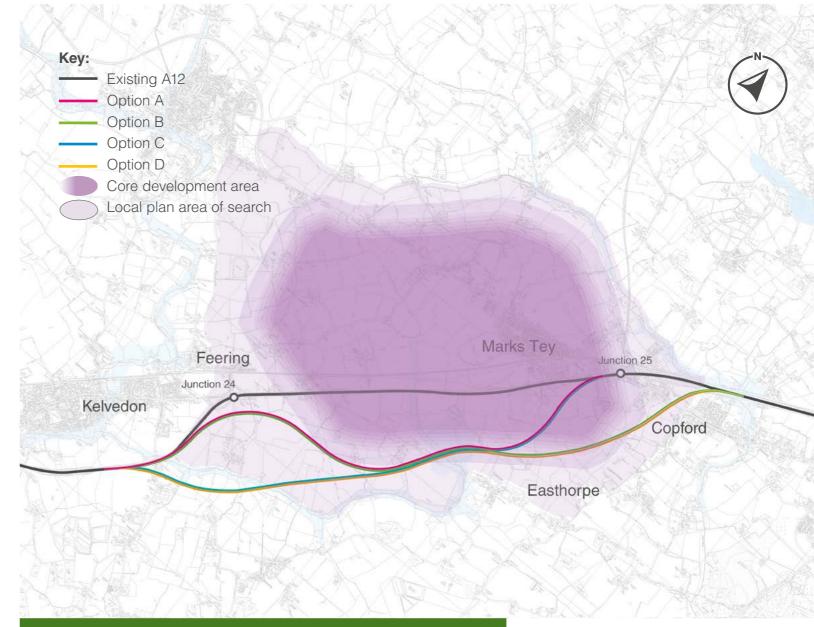


Image 2

The four route options for junctions 23 to 25

Four options are being presented in this consultation. More work is being done to understand whether the road might require a fourth lane in each direction between junctions 23 and 24 to accommodate traffic if the nearby A120 improvements and proposed garden community do go ahead. If a fourth lane in each direction is required, it would be applied to every option and as such, would not be a deciding factor between them.

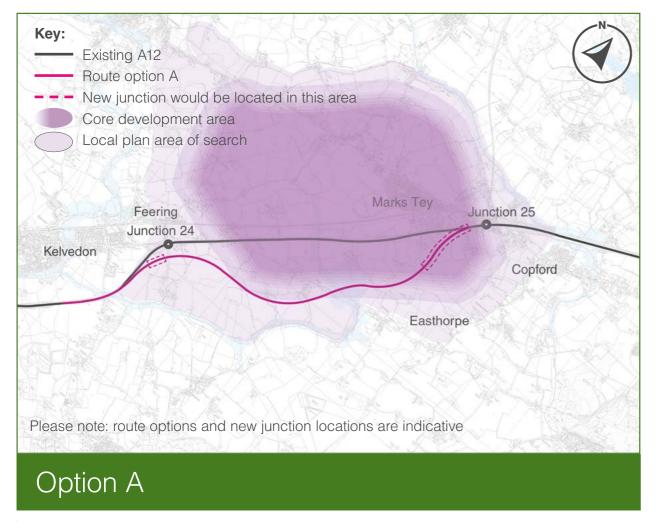


Image 3

Option A provides three lanes* in each direction along the route of the current A12 from junction 23 to 24, and three lanes in each direction from junctions 24 and 25 to the south of the current A12. It leaves the A12 just before junction 24 and creates a new junction. The current junction 24 will be upgraded to serve the local roads. This option would cross the avenue of Prested Hall and continue towards junction 25. At its furthest point, it would be around 1.15km south of the existing A12. Before the existing junction 25, it would re-join the current A12. A new junction 25 would be constructed to the south-west of its current position. The current junction 25 would be upgraded to serve local roads.

Note: The existing A12 road will be retained and detrunked, for use by local traffic.

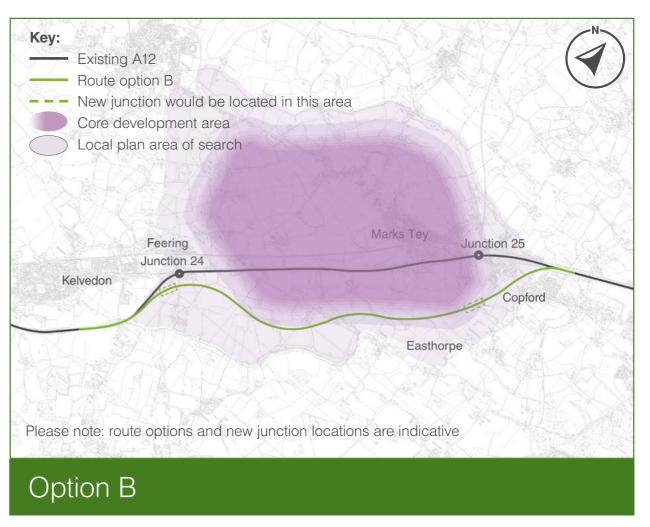


Image 4

Option B provides three lanes* in each direction along the route of the current A12 from junction 23 to 24, and three lanes in each direction between junctions 24 and 25 to the south of the current A12. It leaves the A12 just before junction 24, creating a new junction to the south. The current junction 24 would be improved to serve the local roads.

This option would cross the avenue of Prested Hall and continue towards junction 25. At its furthest point, it would be around 1.15km south of the existing A12. There would be a new junction at around 800 metres to the south of the existing junction 25. The route would then continue towards the existing A12, where it would re-join the existing road after passing under London Road (B1408). The current junction 25 would be upgraded to serve local roads.

Note: The existing A12 road will be retained and detrunked, for use by local traffic.

^{*} A fourth lane in each direction between junctions 23 (Kelvedon South) and 24 (Kelvedon North) may be required.

 $^{^{\}star}$ A fourth lane in each direction between junctions 23 (Kelvedon South) and 24 (Kelvedon North) may be required.

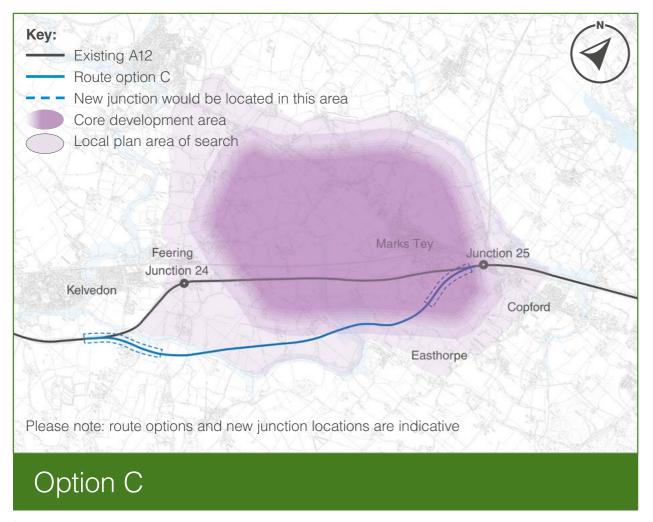


Image 5

Option C provides three lanes* in each direction along the route of the current A12 from junction 23 to 24, and three lanes in each direction between junctions 24 and 25 to the south of the current A12. There would be a new junction 24 where the current A12 crosses Inworth Road. The current junction 24 would be upgraded to serve the local roads. At this stage of design, the new junction 24 could be to the east or to the west of Inworth Road, but with suitable connections to the road. The route would pass to the south of Prested Hall and continue towards junction 25.

At its furthest point it would be around 1.15km south of the existing A12. It would re-join the current A12 at a new junction to the south-west of the current junction 25. The existing junction would be retained and upgraded to serve the local roads.

Note: The existing A12 road will be retained and detrunked, for use by local traffic.



Image 6

Option D provides three lanes* in each direction along the route of the current A12 from junction 23 to 24, and three lanes in each direction between junctions 24 and 25 to the south of the current A12. There would be a new junction 24 where the current A12 crosses Inworth Road. The current junction 24 would be upgraded to serve the local roads. At this stage of design, the new junction 24 could be to the east or to the west of Inworth Road, but with suitable connections to the road. The route would pass to the south of Prested Hall and continue towards junction 25.

At its furthest point it will be around 1.15km south of the existing A12. There would be a new junction situated around 800 metres to the south of the existing junction 25. The route would then continue towards the existing A12, where it will re-join the existing road after passing under London Road (B1408). The current junction 25 would be retained and upgraded to serve the local roads.

Note: The existing A12 road will be retained and detrunked, for use by local traffic.

^{*} A fourth lane in each direction between junctions 23 (Kelvedon South) and 24 (Kelvedon North) may be required.

 $^{^{\}star}$ A fourth lane in each direction between junctions 23 (Kelvedon South) and 24 (Kelvedon North) may be required.



Air quality

Congestion may reduce but the volume of traffic could increase as more drivers use the free flowing A12. Air quality could improve along the existing A12, as traffic moves away from this area and would worsen in the area surrounding the proposed new bypass.

Cultural heritage

All options cross the Roman Road and large areas of greenfield sites which may contain buried archaeology. Further investigation work would be needed to establish the extent of these impacts.

illese illipacis.			
Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
This option would	This option would	This option passes	This option passes
cross the avenue	cross the avenue	close to and could	close to and could
leading to Prested	leading to Prested	affect the setting of	affect the setting of
Hall, which is a grade	Hall, which is a grade	three listed buildings,	seven listed buildings,
II listed building. It	II listed building. It	including Badcocks	including Badcocks
would also affect the	would also affect the	Farm which is a grade	Farm which is a grade
setting of the estate.	setting of the estate.	II listed building.	II listed building.
This option also	This option also		
passes close to a	passes close to a		
further three listed	further six listed		
buildings and could	buildings and could		
affect the setting	affect the setting		
of these, including	of these, including		
Badcocks Farm	Badcocks Farm		
which is a grade II	which is a grade II		
listed building.	listed building.		

Landscape

The new bypass will create a new feature in the landscape, which is likely to have significant visual impacts.

Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
The avenue at Prested	The avenue at Prested	This option is more	This option is more
Hall is an important	Hall is an important	likely to affect the	likely to affect the
feature in the local	feature in the local	views from properties	views from properties
landscape. This	landscape. This	to the west of	to the east of Marks
option is more likely to	option is more likely to	Marks Tey.	Tey and at Copford.
affect the views from	affect the views from		
properties to the west	properties to the east		
of Marks Tey.	of Marks Tey and		
	at Copford.		

Biodiversity

The new bypass is likely to have a significant effect on habitats and wildlife due to the loss of habitat areas and the creation of a new barrier to species within the landscape.

Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
This option is likely			
to result in the loss of			
three areas of priority	four areas of priority	two areas of priority	three areas of priority
habitat and impact	habitat and impact	habitat and impact	habitat and impact
the edge of a	the edge of a	the edge of a further	the edge of a further
further area.	further two areas.	two areas.	four areas.

Geology and soils

All options would affect land classified as the Best and Most Versatile land under the agricultural land classification. All options pass through areas identified as having mineral potential and could result in some loss of potential.

Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
as above	This option would	as above	This option would
	pass through a		pass through a
	historic landfill		historic landfill
	site, which would		site, which would
	potentially need		potentially need
	treatment to avoid		treatment to avoid
	contamination risks		contamination risks
	to adjacent land		to adjacent land
	and water.		and water.

Noise and vibration

Noise along the current A12 could improve. New noise impacts could be created in the area of the new bypass where previously there was no road. All options are considered equal due to the balancing out of the impacts.

People and communities

All options will require additional land and are likely to sever existing field parcels and access routes. Properties adjacent to the new bypass could experience negative effects associated with visual impact, increased noise and removal of current access.

These impacts would be reduced through planting schemes, noise mitigation and provision of alternative access if relevant.

Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
This option is likely			
to have greater	to have greater	to have greater	to have greater
disruption on	disruption on	disruption on	disruption on
properties and	properties and	properties and	properties and
residents of	residents to the east	residents of	residents to the east
Marks Tey.	of Marks Tey and	Marks Tey.	of Marks Tey and
	west of Copford.		west of Copford.

Water environment

The widening of the A12 would require new crossings and drainage. Areas of additional floodplain may be required to compensate any loss.

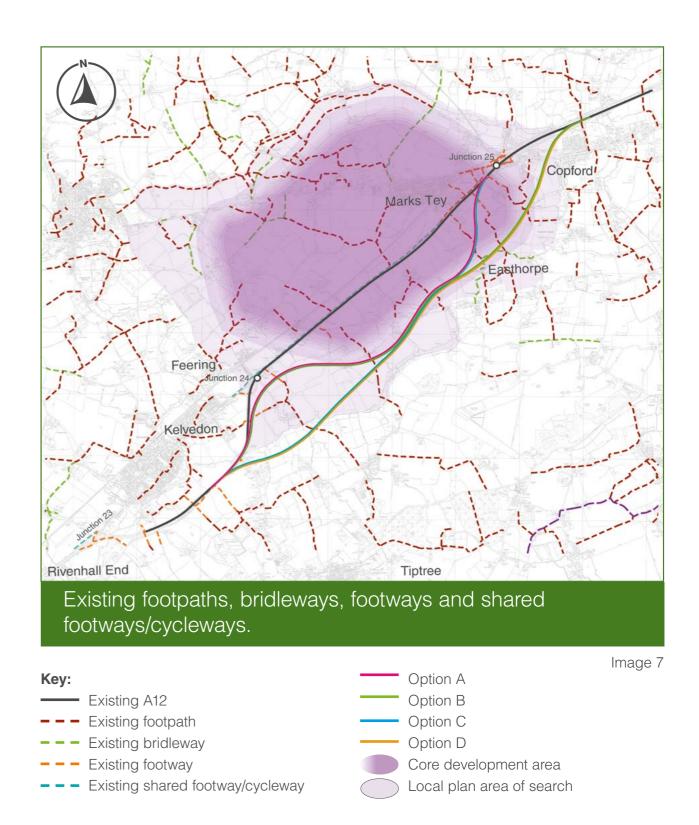
Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
This option crosses	This option crosses	This option crosses	This option crosses
the floodplain of the	the floodplains of the	the floodplain of the	the floodplains of the
Domsey Brook.	Domsey Brook and	Domsey Brook.	Domsey Brook and
	the Roman River.		the Roman River.



Walkers, cyclists and horse riders and public rights of way

All options will have an impact on public rights of way. We will provide alternative routes where any public rights of way are removed. We would also look to correct historic and existing severance for walkers, horse riders, cyclists and public transport users where we can.

Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
The existing junction	as above	The existing junction	as above
25 creates significant		25 creates significant	
severance for walkers,		severance for	
horse riders, cyclists		walkers, horse riders,	
and public transport		cyclists and public	
users. While we		transport users.	
would make some		While we would make	
improvements		some improvements	
to facilities, the		to facilities, the	
fundamental issue of		fundamental issue	
severance		of severance would	
would remain.		remain.	





Safety

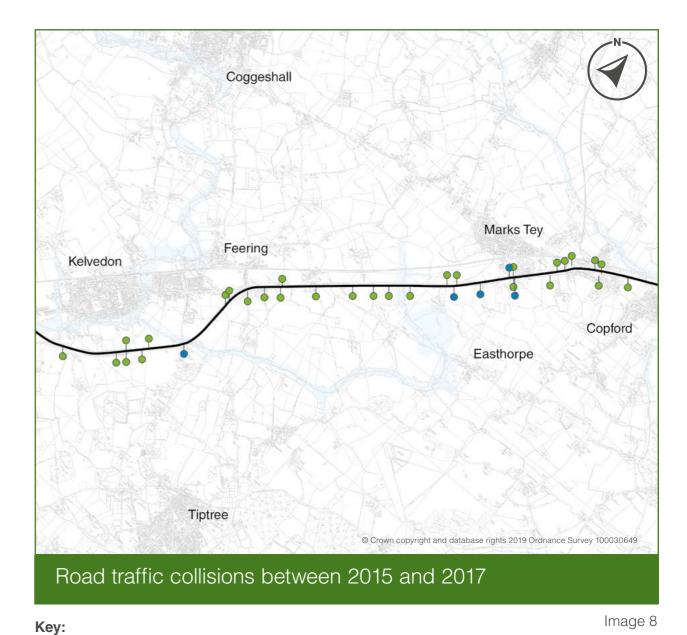
One of the key objectives is to improve safety for road users and for road workers. The A12 widening will include specific aspects to help increase safety.

The table below provides an assessment of the safety performance of each of the options we're consulting on.

All options will improve safety for road users and will improve road worker safety.

All options bypass the existing road, so the safety concerns attached to having direct access from businesses and other premises onto the existing A12, along with the interaction of traffic with walkers, cyclists and horse riders will be addressed.

Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
While road user and	as above	While road user and	as above
road worker safety		road worker safety	
will improve, space		will improve, space	
restriction in the area		restriction in the area	
around junction 25		around junction 25	
may limit the extent of		may limit the extent of	
those improvements.		those improvements.	



Slight injury collision
Serious injury collision

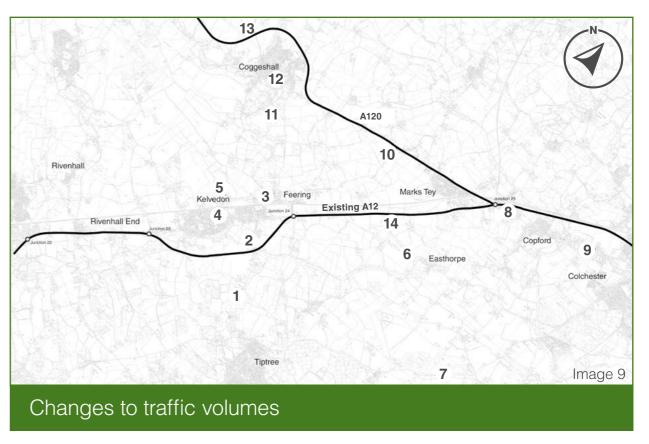
Existing A12

Traffic flows

Image 9 shows the effect that each of the four options may have on traffic flow on local roads. The information is taken from our traffic model simulation.

A traffic model simulation is used to predict how road users will react to changes to roads. It uses information and insights on how people currently use roads to understand how drivers may respond to changes in road layouts. For example, if you close a junction then it is likely that fewer drivers will continue to use the roads that lead to that junction. A brand-new junction is likely to be popular with drivers and as such, more of them will use the roads that lead to that new junction.

We are exploring where our traffic model simulation shows increases in traffic on local roads, such as London Road (B1408) and Easthorpe Road, to understand the reasons behind this and to help develop our junction designs. As we refine our proposals, it is possible that the predicted levels of traffic will change. However, if there are increases to traffic on local roads because of our proposals, we will aim to tackle any safety, environmental or other issues.



This table shows how traffic volumes would change at various locations as a result of the A12 improvements, for each of the four route options. The forecast traffic volumes shown are during the morning peak period in the first year of opening the improved road.

	Road	Traffic volume without A12 improvements (vehicles per hour)	Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
1	Inworth Road, Inworth B1023	700	+26	+9	+1,032	+1,049
2	Inworth Road, Kelvedon B1023	700	+26	+9	-242	-239
3	Coggeshall Road, Feering	514	-100	-109	-44	-53
4	Feering Hill, Kelvedon B1023	821	-247	-148	-285	-220
5	Coggeshall Road, Kelvedon B1023	460	-222	-210	-156	-138
6	Easthorpe Road, Easthorpe	27	+424	+391	+407	+334
7	Maldon Road, Birch B1022	1,050	-166	-180	-323	-375
8	London Road, Copford B1408	1,133	-167	-139	-188	-54
9	London Road, Stanway B1408	166	+12	+342	+18	+313
10	Coggeshall Road, A120 Marks Tey	1,742	+35	-65	+45	-44
11	Coggeshall Road, Coggeshall	532	+207	+ 247	+126	+184
12	East Street, Coggeshall	675	-180	-134	-141	-110
13	A120, Coggeshall	1,457	+6	-98	+22	-36
14	Existing A12*	6,642	-6,548	-6,345	-6,303	-6,373

^{*} The existing A12 will be kept and detrunked, for use by local traffic



Journey time savings

When the new A12 road layout has been completed, a driver travelling from junction 19 to junction 26 can expect to save eight minutes off their current journey time.

For the purpose of this consultation, the table below focuses only on the estimated journey times between junctions 23 and 26 when the new road opens in 2027.

The table shows the journey time saved by each option compared to not improving the A12.

	Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Morning rush hour				
Time saved travelling	1 minute 55	2 minutes 1	2 minutes	2 minutes 8
northbound	seconds	second		seconds
Time saved travelling	2 minutes 47	3 minutes 2	2 minutes 52	3 minutes 3
southbound	seconds	seconds	seconds	seconds
Southbound	Seconds	Seconds	Seconds	Seconds
Evening rush hour				
Time saved travelling	2 minutes 6	2 minutes	2 minutes 12	2 minutes 24
northbound	seconds	14 seconds	seconds	seconds
Time saved travelling	1 minute 37	1 minute 48	1 minute 44	1 minute 54
southbound	seconds	seconds	seconds	seconds
Combined time savings				
The maximum savings will	4 minutes 53	5 minutes	5 minutes 4	5 minutes 27
come for a driver travelling	seconds	16 seconds	seconds	seconds
southbound in the morning and				
then northbound in the evening				



Please respond by 11:59pm on

Sunday 1 December 2019.

For more information about the A12 widening please visit our website where you can also sign up for email alerts: www.highwaysengland.co.uk/a12widening

- OnlineComplete the response form online at www.highwaysengland.co.uk/a12widening
- By post
 Complete a consultation response form and return it to:
 Freepost A12 WIDENING
- Visit one of our consultation events and fill out a form (see page 10 for details).

Alternative formats of the brochure and response form, such as braille, are available on request.

Contact us

- @ A12chelmsfordA120wide@highwaysengland.co.uk
- ① 0300 123 5000

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A12 Chelmsford to A120 widening junctions 23 to 25 public consultation Response form

Share your views

We want to understand your views about the proposed route options for the A12 Chelmsford to A120 widening between junction 23 and 25, in the event that a proposed garden community development near Marks Tey goes ahead.

We recommend that you read the consultation brochure, and additional supporting material that is available on our website, before completing this form.

How to respond

Please share your views with us using one of the following methods:

- **⊠** By post
 - Return this form to us by using our freepost address Freepost A12 WIDENING
- 1 In person

Place a completed copy of this form into a response box at one of our public consultation events

Online

Complete an electronic version of the response form online on our website **www.highwaysengland.co.uk/a12widening**

The closing date for responses is 11.59pm on Sunday 1 December 2019.



About you

•	,	can understand where you live in relation to the scheme.				
1a.	Name:					
1b.	Address:					
		Postcode:				
1c.	Email address:					
	Please tick if you would like to receive future email updates ☐ Yes ☐ No					
1d.	Are you respond	ding on behalf of an organisation, business or campaign group?				
	If 'yes' please p	rovide the name of your organisation and your role within it:				
	Organisation na	.me:				
	Role:					

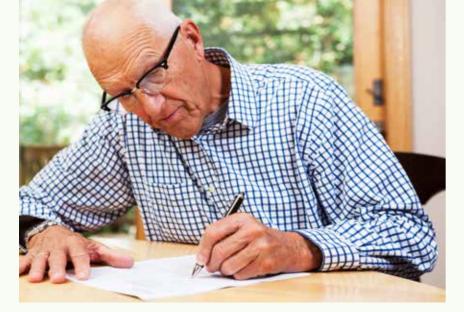
2.	Which of the □	following best describes you? (tick as many as apply) Local resident
		Local business owner
		I use the road to get to my place of work
		I travel on this section of road regularly in a commercial vehic
		Other (please specify below)
	Other	·.
3.	Have you rec	ceived correspondence informing you that you are andowner?
	☐ Ye	s 🗆 No
4.	How often do	you use this section of the A12? (please tick one option) Five or more days a week
		Two to four days a week
		Once a week
		Once a month
		Less often
		Never
5.	What time of (please tick a	day do you typically travel through this section of the A12?
		Weekday peak period (7am to 9am and 4pm to 6pm)
		Weekday daytime (9am to 4pm)
		Evenings / early morning (6pm to 7am)
		Weekends
		Not applicable

The project

The route options presented in this consultation may be needed **if the Colchester Braintree Borders Garden Community (Marks Tey) gets the go ahead.** We want your views on these.

6.	Option A Please tick or	ne of the follo	wina boxes w	hich best repr	resents vour	.	Option C Please tick	one of the follow	wing box
O.	Strongly support	Support	□ Neutral	Oppose	Strongly oppose		Strongly support	Support	E
	Please provid	le any commo	ents you wish	to add.			Please pro	vide any comme	ents you
7.	Option B Please tick or Strongly support Please provide	Support	wing boxes will Neutral ents you wish	Oppose	resents your Strongly oppose	9	Strongly support	one of the follow Support	Neu

	Option C					
8.	Please tick on	e of the follow	ing boxes wh	ich best repre	sents your vie	ews on this option.
	Strongly	Support	Neutral	Oppose	Strongly	
	support				oppose	
	Please provide	e any comme	nts you wish to	o add.		
	Option D	6.1.				
9.		e of the follow	1	ich best repre	_	ews on this option.
	Strongly	Support	Neutral	Oppose	Strongly	
	support				oppose	I
	Please provide	e any comme	nts you wish to	o add.		



The consultation
10. How did you hear about the consultation? (Please tick all that apply) Your local council
Please provide us with any comments you may have on the consultation process. Your feedback will help us improve how we engage with you in the future.

Data protection

On 25 May 2018 the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) came into force.

This legislation requires Highways England to explain to consultees, stakeholders and customers how their personal data will be used and stored. Highways England adheres to the Government's Consultation Principles, the Planning Act 2008 and the Highways Act 1980 as required, and may collect personal data to help shape development of highways schemes.

Personal data collected for the A12 Chelmsford to A120 widening scheme will be processed and retained by Highways England and its appointed contractors until the scheme is complete.

Under the GDPR regulations you have the right to request the following information from us:

- 1. Right of access to the data (Subject Access Request)
- 2. Right for the rectification of errors
- 3. Right to erasure of personal data this is not an absolute right under the legislation
- 4. Right to restrict processing or to object to processing
- 5. Right to data portability

If, at any point, Highways England plans to process the personal data we hold for a purpose other than that for which it was originally collected, we will provide you with information about what that other purpose is. This will be done prior to any further processing taking place. The extra information will include any relevant further information as referred to above, including the right to object to that further processing.

You have the right to lodge a complaint with the supervisory authority, the Information Commissioners Office.

If you'd like more information about how we manage data, or a copy of our privacy notice, please contact us by email at DataProtectionAdvice@highwaysengland.co.uk



Please respond by 11:59pm on

Sunday 1 December 2019.

Thank you for sharing your views with us.

For more information about the A12 widening please visit our website where you can also sign up for email alerts:

www.highwaysengland.co.uk/a12widening

Contact us

- A12chelmsfordA120wide@highwaysengland.co.uk
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